Forest Management Planning



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Forest Management:

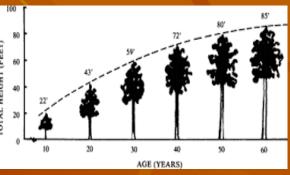
Forest ≈ Forested Land ≈ Woods ≈ Woodlot

Management practices – harvesting, planting

Health indicators – growth rates, stocking

Productivity measures – timber revenue, wildlife numbers







Why Manage?

Protection of the Soil, Water & Habitat

- Overland flow, erosion, soil loss
- Turbidity, Sedimentation
- Fish & Aquatic organisms









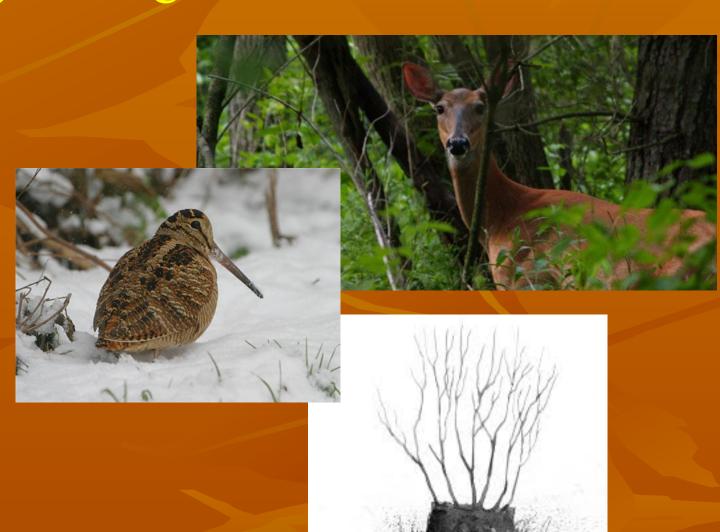
Why Manage?

Improve or Create Wildlife Habitat

- Big & Small Game
- Diversity
- Threatened species

Habitat Requirements:

- Multiple cover types
- Appropriate acreage
- Cover Patterns



Why Manage?

Generate Revenue

- Timber
- Firewood
- Maple sap → syrup
- Other Specialty Products



Forest crops

- as with all crops planning, preparation, and tending impact yield





Timber Management

Products:

- Veneer
- Saw Logs
- Low Grade Logs
- Pulp





Timber management practices balance:

- Timber production
- Sustainable harvests
- Revenue gains
- Forest Health



Timber Management Practices – Thinning

Stand Dynamics

- Tree size û
- Competition û
- Carrying Capacity ↓

Purpose of Thinning

- Maximize growth rates
- Capitalize on mortality
- Choose residual trees



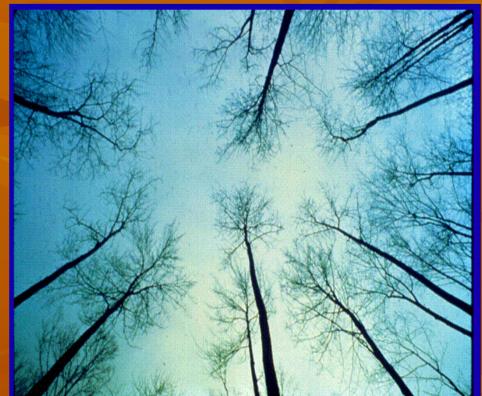
Thinning and Timber Production



Thinned







Well stocked

Types of Thinning

Pre-commercial Thinning — Sapling/Pole Stands

- undesired species
- crowding

Non-commercial Thinning —Pole/Sawtimber Stands

- poor form & low grade trees
- salvage

Commercial Thinning/ Harvesting— Sawtimber Stands

- mature timber
- regeneration





Why Not Manage? - Common Hurdles

• Time



• Trust





Why Not Manage? - Common Hurdles

• Costs





Approach

Overcoming the Hurdles

Every Task Deserves a Good Plan

Every Plan Deserves Good Advice

Good Advice Comes from Good Advisors

Forest Resource Advisors ≈ Foresters

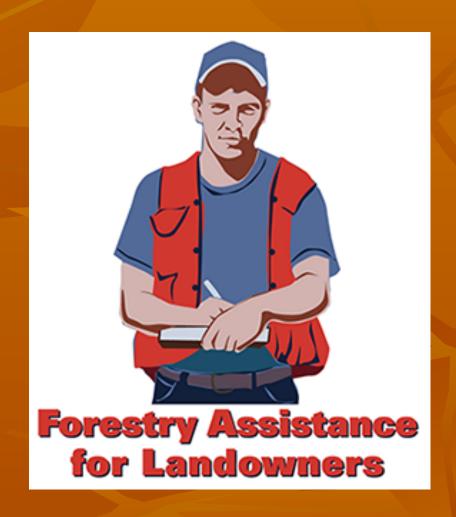






Free Services, Advice & Conservation Programs

- State Forestry Department
- Land Grant College,Cooperative Extension
 - Soil & Water Conservation Districts
- Forest Landowner Organizations



Environmental Quality Incentive Program (EQIP)

EQIP Forestry

- Cost-share program available through the NRCS
- Supports conservation practices beneficial to the environment and long-term forest productivity

Eligible Practices

- non-commercial thinning
- forest trails & landings
- tree planting
- Invasive species treatment





Professional Services

Private Industry Foresters:

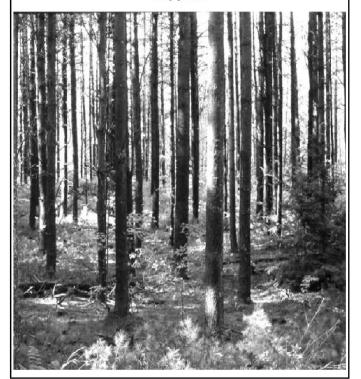
- Industrial Foresters
 - work for wood using manufacturers or exporters. Have economic interests in purchasing and procuring wood for their employer.

- Consulting Foresters
 - work in the private sector. They may be hired on a fee or contingency basis. Do not have an economic interest in procuring wood for another entity.

How to Find a Consulting Forester



NEW YORK STATE COOPERATING FORESTER PROGRAM



NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION

What Does A Consulting Forester Do For You?

- Property Visits
- Forest Inventories
- Management Plans
- Timber Sale Marking





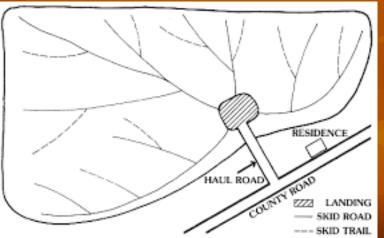




What Does A Consulting Forester Do For You?

- Timber Sale Layout
- Sale Bidding
- Contract Administration
- Logging Inspections



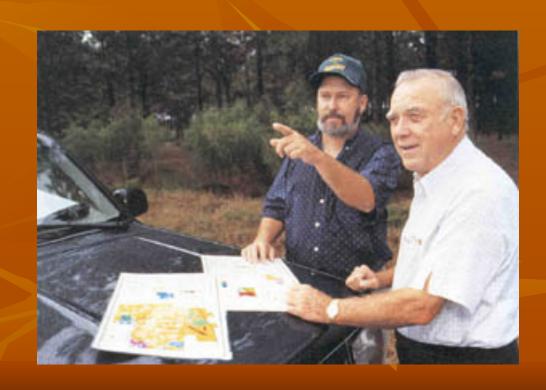




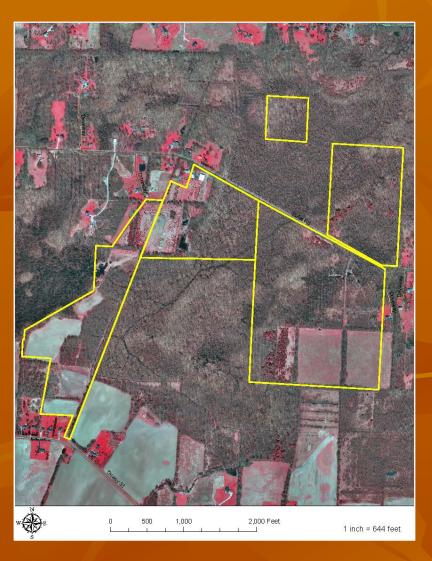
Developing a Plan

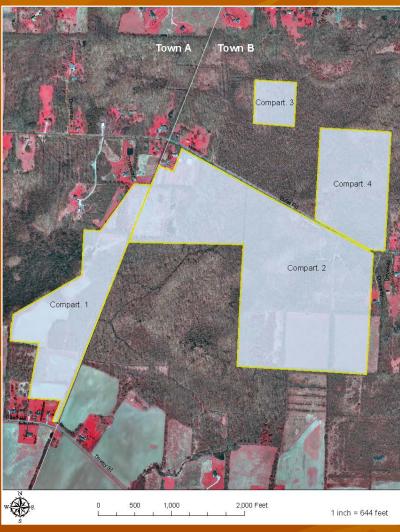
Forest Management Plan

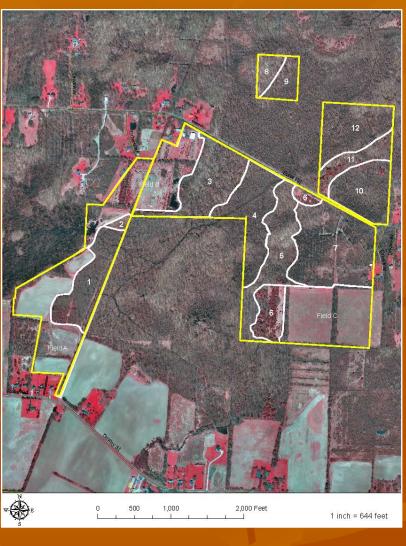
- A guide for the landowner to achieve specific goals according to their ownership objectives and the capabilities of the land
- 1. Acknowledge Landowner Objectives
- 2. Inventory Forest Resources
- 3. Assess Resources and Site Qualities; Compare with Objectives
- 4. Identify Concerns & Opportunities
- 5. Create Management Schedule



Breakdown into Components







Compartments

Forest Stands

Breakdown into Components





Schedule Matched to Components

Management Schedule

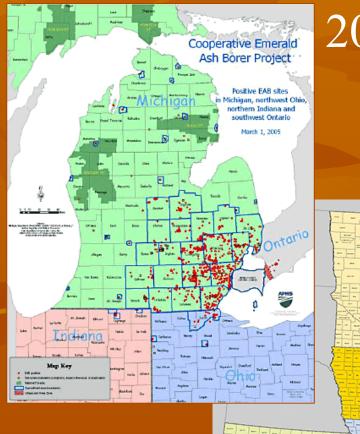
Fiscal Year	Stand(s)	Acres	Treatment	Description	Projected (\$)
2015 - 2016	10, 11, 12 10, 11, 12	15 15	Skid trails Commercial thinning	Add 1,200' & repair 800' thinning (from below)	- <mark>2,000</mark> 3,000
2016 - 2017					
2017 - 2018	Other 8,9	8	Purchase Right-of-Way Commercial thinning	ROW & extension of trail thinning (from below)	-2,700 1,800
2018 - 2019					
2019 - 2020	11 11	2 2	Harvest Tree Planting	Clearcut Hazelnut, Chestnut, Walnut	1,800 2,000
2020 - 2021	10 10	3	Prepare for maple sap production maple sap collection	Purchase taps, lines, collection tanks wholesale to syrup producer	-5,000 1,500
2021 - 2022	10	3	maple sap collection	wholesale to syrup producer	1,500
2022 - 2023	10 8, 9, 10, 12	3 20	maple sap collection Commercial thinning	wholesale to syrup producer thinning (from below)	1,500 12,000



Management Scenario - Threat

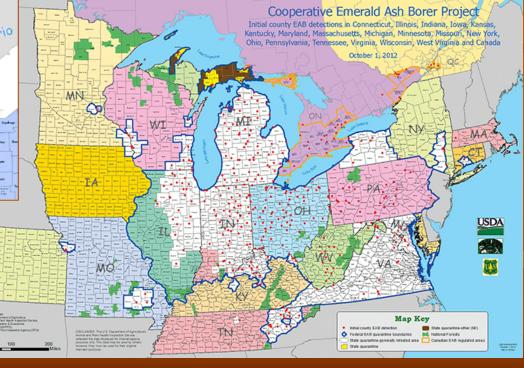
Invasive Species:

- Emerald Ash Borer
- Introduced nearLansing, MI early 1990s
- Officially acknowledged in 2002
- Found in NYS 2009
- Found in 19 States by 2012



2005

2012



Management Scenario - Threat

Emerald Ash Borer

- Feed on inner bark & cambium
- Slowly Girdle Trees
- Gradual Crown Decline
- Fatality 3-10 years







Management Action - Preparation

Emerald Ash Borer

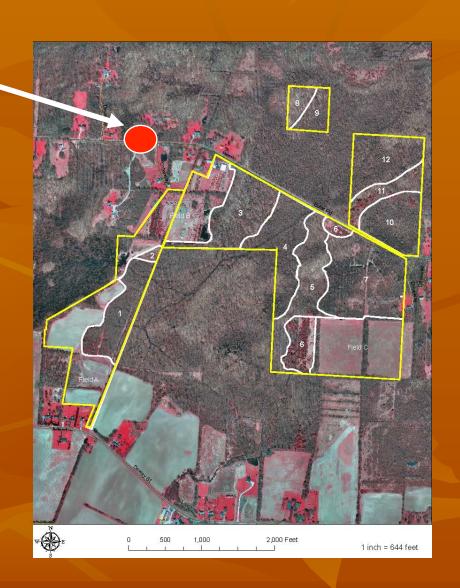
EAB located here

Evaluate:

- Closest known EAB Location
- Age and % in forest stands
- Other species
- Available markets

Recommendations:

- Favor removal of ash when thinning
- Thin to regenerate other species
- Protect select ash trees



Management Action - Preparation

The forest inventory indicates:

- Heavy Components of Ash in Stands 9, 10 & 12
- Valuable Ash Sawlogs in Stand 9 & 12
- Mostly low value Ash Poles in Stand 10

Management Schedule

Fiscal Year	Stand(s)	Acres	Treatment	Description	Projected (\$)
2015 - 2016	9, 12	10	Commercial thinning	thinning (from below & above) - focus on sawtimber Ash; go light on maple & cherry	6,000
2016 - 2017	All	105	Examine for EAB	if found hasten schedule	
2017 - 2018	All	105	Examine for EAB	if found hasten schedule	
2018 - 2019	All	105	Examine for EAB	if found hasten schedule	
2019 - 2020	All	105	Examine for EAB	if found hasten schedule	
2020 - 2021	10	8	Commercial thinning	thinning (from below & above) - focus on sawtimber Ash; go light on maple & cherry	2,500



Management Scenario - Opportunity

Emerging Markets:

Craft Breweries û

Local NYS Hops û

Rot Resistant Poles û

Pole Size Locust Trees û







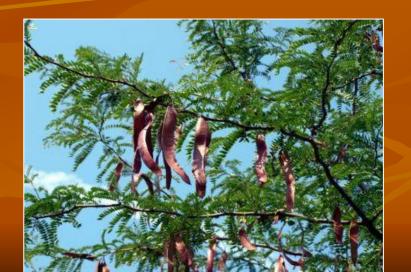


Management Scenario - Opportunity

Black Locust:









Management Action – Encourage black locust

The forest inventory indicates:

- Heavy Components of Locust in Stands 6 &11
- Locust non-merchantable twisted trunks
- Mix of ash, black cherry, and Red pine sawlogs

Management Schedule

Fiscal Year	Stand(s)	Acres	Treatment	Description	Projected (\$)
2015 - 2016	6, 11	3	Clearcut	Harvest all valuable timber	1,500
2016 - 2017	6, 11	3	Prune black locust sprouts	encourage single, straight stems	-100
2017 - 2018	6, 11	3	Prune black locust sprouts	encourage single, straight stems	-100
2018 - 2019	6, 11	3	Prune black locust sprouts	encourage single, straight stems	-100
2019 - 2020	6, 11	3	Prune black locust sprouts	encourage single, straight stems	-100
2020 - 2021	6, 11	3	Prune black locust sprouts	encourage single, straight stems	-100
2021 - 2022	6, 11	3	Harvest black locust Poles	Sell to hop pole distributer	3,200



Additional Benefits

Forest Certifications:







Cert no. TT-COC-1110 www.fsc.org © 1996 Forest Stewardship Council



Additional Benefits

Tax Considerations:

- Right-Offs
- Deductions
- Amortization
- Forest Tax Law
 Incentive Programs



Any Questions?

